

JANICE K. BREWER GOVERNOR

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

March 9, 2011

The Honorable Kirk Adams
Speaker of the House
Arizona House of Representatives
1700 W. Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85007

RE: House Bill 2153, municipalities; counties; fire sprinklers; code

Dear Speaker Adams:

Today, I signed House Bill 2153, municipalities; counties; fire sprinklers; code. This bill is in response to a code mandate prepared by a national non-governmental entity requiring the installation of fire sprinklers in new home construction.

My opposition to new regulatory mandates is well known. This mandate puts obstacles in the way of the home construction industry's efforts to recover from a very deep recession. Other states have addressed this issue through legislation that protects consumer choice or removes the fire sprinkler mandate from their state code. The choice as to whether or not to install a fire sprinkler system in a newly constructed home belongs in the hands of the homebuyer.

HB 2153 does not interfere with codes adopted prior to 2010. Furthermore, the bill does not prevent a local jurisdiction from developing agreements with builders to offer sprinklers as a purchase option to consumers.

Sincerely,

Janice K. Brewer

Governor

Cc: The Honorable Russell Pearce
The Honorable Steve Montenegro

House Engrossed

FILED KEN BENNETT SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fiftieth Legislature First Regular Session 2011

CHAPTER 7

HOUSE BILL 2153

AN ACT

AMENDING TITLE 9, CHAPTER 7, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 9-807; AMENDING SECTION 11-861, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY CODES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Title 9, chapter 7, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 9-807, to read:

9-807. Mandated fire sprinklers in certain residences prohibited: exception

A MUNICIPALITY SHALL NOT ADOPT A CODE OR ORDINANCE OR PART OF A UNIFORM CODE OR ORDINANCE THAT PROHIBITS A PERSON OR ENTITY FROM CHOOSING TO INSTALL OR EQUIP OR NOT INSTALL OR EQUIP FIRE SPRINKLERS IN A SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENCE OR ANY RESIDENTIAL BUILDING THAT CONTAINS NOT MORE THAN TWO DWELLING UNITS. A MUNICIPALITY SHALL NOT IMPOSE ANY FINE, PENALTY OR OTHER REQUIREMENT ON ANY PERSON OR ENTITY FOR CHOOSING TO INSTALL OR EQUIP OR NOT INSTALL OR EQUIP FIRE SPRINKLERS IN SUCH A RESIDENCE. THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY CODE OR ORDINANCE THAT REQUIRES FIRE SPRINKLERS IN A RESIDENCE AND THAT WAS ADOPTED BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2009.

Sec. 2. Section 11-861, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 11-861. Adoption of codes by reference: limitations: method of adoption

- A. In any county which THAT has adopted zoning pursuant to this chapter, the board of supervisors may adopt and enforce, for the unincorporated areas of the county so zoned, a building code and other related codes to regulate the quality, type of material and workmanship of all aspects of construction of buildings or structures, except that the board may authorize that areas zoned rural or unclassified may be exempt from the provisions of the code adopted. Such codes may be adopted by reference after notice and hearings before the county planning and zoning commission and board of supervisors as provided in this chapter for amendments to the zoning ordinance of the county.
- B. The board of supervisors may adopt a fire prevention code in the unincorporated areas of the county in which a fire district has not adopted the uniform A NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED fire code pursuant to section 48-805. Any fire code adopted by a board of supervisors pursuant to this subsection shall remain in effect until a fire district is established and adopts a code applicable within the boundaries of the district.
- C. For the purpose of this article, codes authorized by subsections ${\sf A}$ and ${\sf B}$ of this section shall be limited to the following:
- 1. Any building, electrical, plumbing— or mechanical code that has been adopted by any national organization or association that is organized and conducted for the purpose of developing codes or that has been adopted by the largest city in that county. If the board of supervisors adopts a city code, it shall adopt, within ninety days after receiving a written notification of a change to the city code, the same change or shall terminate the adopted city code.
- 2. Any fire prevention code that has been adopted by a national organization or association organized or conducted for the purpose of

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developing fire prevention codes and that is as stringent as the state fire code adopted pursuant to section 41–2146.

- D. The board of supervisors may adopt a current wildland-urban interface code. The code may be adapted from a model code adopted by a national or international organization or association for mitigating the hazard to life and property. The board must follow written public procedures in the development and adoption of the code and any revisions to the code to provide effective, early and continuous public participation through:
- 1. The broad dissemination and publicity of the proposed code and any revisions to the code.
- 2. The opportunity for submission and consideration of written public comments.
 - 3. Open discussions, communications programs and information services.
 - 4. Consultation with federal agencies and state and local officials.
- E. THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF A COUNTY SHALL NOT ADOPT A CODE OR ORDINANCE OR PART OF A UNIFORM CODE OR ORDINANCE THAT PROHIBITS A PERSON OR ENTITY FROM CHOOSING TO INSTALL OR EQUIP OR NOT INSTALL OR EQUIP FIRE SPRINKLERS IN A SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENCE OR ANY RESIDENTIAL BUILDING THAT CONTAINS NOT MORE THAN TWO DWELLING UNITS. THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF A COUNTY SHALL NOT IMPOSE ANY FINE, PENALTY OR OTHER REQUIREMENT ON ANY PERSON OR ENTITY FOR CHOOSING TO INSTALL OR EQUIP OR NOT INSTALL OR EQUIP FIRE SPRINKLERS IN SUCH A RESIDENCE. THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY CODE OR ORDINANCE THAT REQUIRES FIRE SPRINKLERS IN A RESIDENCE AND THAT WAS ADOPTED BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2009.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MARCH 9, 2011.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE MARCH 9, 2011.